



TWIO

This Week In Olympia

February 21, 2020

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Week 6: February 17–21, 2020

Town Hall Days

Every session, the Legislature sets aside a weekend for legislators to return home for Town Hall meetings. This weekend, February 21–23, is when most of the Town Halls are scheduled. (Please be aware, however, that legislators are not required to host Town Halls this weekend—or at all. Some legislators have already held Town Halls, and many legislators have resorted to multiple Telephone Town Halls rather than scheduling a face-to-face, in-district Town Hall. Others simply do not hold Town Hall meetings during session.)

With legislative priorities coming into clearer focus—and with the scheduled release of legislative budget proposals next week—these meetings are excellent opportunities to positively influence your elected officials and we strongly encourage you to attend your legislators’ Town Hall, if they will be hosting one. You can be sure there will be constituents attending these meetings who have different priorities and viewpoints than you and you cannot rely on someone else to make your opinion known. It can be difficult to travel to Olympia to have a ten-minute conversation with your local legislators, but here is an easy opportunity to travel across town for an hour or two conversation with them.

We thank the League of Women Voters, Stand for Children, and the League of Education Voters for compiling a comprehensive list of scheduled [Town Hall meetings](#). Although this list appears to be up-to-date, we recommend you confirm the date, time, and location with your legislator’s office beforehand. And if you do not see your legislators on the list, you are encouraged to check their website or give their office a call to see if they will be in town.

Budget Update

On Wednesday morning, the [Economic & Revenue Forecast Council](#) (ERFC) unveiled its updated [Revenue Forecast](#). As anticipated, it was positive news that will provide budget-writers some additional revenue as they fine-tune their budgets. Revenue for the remainder of the 2019–21 biennium is expected to increase by \$606 million beyond projections in November. Depending on how you slice it, this provides almost \$1.5 billion in additional revenue for budget-writers to use. (Projected revenues in the 2021–23 biennium increased \$536 million above November estimates.)



About TWIO

This Week in Olympia (TWIO) is published by WASA in support of our members and members of our partners in WASBO, WSPA, and AEA.

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WASA Legislative Report Podcast



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Immediately, stakeholders (the K–12 Community included) started to envision what shelved program or ignored funding enhancement might be able to be salvaged with this additional revenue. For K–12, some type of down payment to jump-start the phase-in of enhanced salary allocations in the Prototypical School Funding Model could be made and still leave significant revenues for other priorities. Or taking a big bite out of the \$300 million underfunding of special education would go a long way to prove the Legislature’s commitment to K–12 education. As we have been in the last six weeks, we will continue to push these issues; however, it seems just as unlikely that we will succeed in our advocacy goals in 2020 as we first predicted in December—even with a pretty large influx in unanticipated new revenues.

If there is any doubt that K–12 will likely be overlooked in the 2020 Supplemental Operating Budget, all you need to do is read the [press release](#) from Senator Christine Rolfes (D-Bainbridge Island), Chair of the Senate Ways & Means Committee and member of the ERFC, following the adoption of the new Revenue Forecast. Rolfes noted that the increased revenue is “good news,” but quickly turned to say, “we must continue to be cautious and embrace responsible fiscal policy.” She continued, saying that the Legislature is “in the process of writing a smart, balanced budget that will leave historically strong reserves.” So, there is good budget news, but the plan is to stay the course and put most of the additional revenue in the bank? Certainly, we cannot begrudge the Legislature for maintaining a healthy reserve, especially with an uncertain future, but when there is an opportunity to address critical NEEDS, it seems legislators should act.

Rolfes closed her press release with an even more disconcerting comment. She stated flatly, “I look forward to finishing our budget proposal in the coming days and keeping our commitment to support affordable housing, college affordability, behavioral health, infrastructure, and our environment.” Sen. Rolfes is the main budget-writer in the Senate and historically has been a strong supporter of K–12 education; however, she stressed the need to “keep our commitment” to a list of five specific issues without mentioning the state’s constitutional paramount duty, K–12 education. Just another example of a legislator—subtly or not so subtly—indicating “K–12 got theirs,” “basic education is fully funded,” and “we’re ready to move on and focus on other issues.” If a caucus leader and strong K–12 supporter ignores us, how can we expect rank-and-file legislators to step up and argue for more funding?

What—if anything—will the Legislature do with this additional revenue? At this point, all we can do is speculate. Budget proposals are set to be released next week, however, and we will get a clearer picture of legislators’ intentions. Each biennium, the two houses alternate as the body to initiate the legislative budget process. This biennium it is the House’s turn to introduce the first budget proposal and House budget-writers are scheduled to release their 2020 Supplemental Operating Budget proposal on Monday, February 24. Later that day, the package—a Proposed Substitute of [HB 2325](#)—will have a public hearing in the House Appropriations Committee. The budget has also been scheduled for possible executive action on Tuesday.

In a somewhat unusual twist, Senate budget-writers, previously rumored to be considering a public release of its budget response as early as next Tuesday have accelerated those plans. Next week’s committee calendar includes a Monday Senate Ways & Means Committee hearing on the Senate’s 2020 Supplemental Operating Budget, a Proposed Substitute of [SB 6168](#). The Committee has already tentatively scheduled to take executive action on the proposal on Tuesday. In addition to the calendar, during the weekly Democratic media availability, Senator Andy Billig (D-Spokane), Senate Majority Leader, confirmed a Senate budget would be released on Monday.

With *Sine Die* arriving in less than three weeks, a simultaneous release of budget proposals will jump-start the negotiating process. A simultaneous release, however, comes with an assumption that House and Senate budget-writers have already been

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working closely together. It would not be surprising if the two proposals were nearly identical—or at least substantially similar. As noted before, all we can do is speculate, but our questions will be answered next week.

We will promptly review the two budget proposals and issue a special edition *TWIO* with details as quickly as possible. If you cannot wait, when the budgets become public, full details will be available from the [Legislative Evaluation & Accountability Program \(LEAP\) Committee](#).

2020 Supplemental Capital Budget

It is the House's turn to issue the first legislative Operating Budget proposal and the same is true of the Capital Construction Budget. The traditional budget release process is being adjusted this session, however. As discussed above, House and Senate budget-writers are set to release Operating Budget proposals on the same day—and release of Capital Budget proposals also break with tradition. The House will release its proposal alongside the Operating Budget on Monday, with a scheduled public hearing the following day in the House Capital Budget Committee. An executive session has been scheduled at the Committee's next meeting, Thursday, February 27.

The Senate has jumped in front of the House, however, in releasing a Capital proposal. Budget-writers released its package, a [Proposed Substitute of SB 6248](#), on Wednesday, followed by a public hearing in the Senate Ways & Means Committee yesterday. It was adopted by the Committee earlier today. (Several amendments were introduced and adopted; however, none were related to K–12 education.)

The 2019–21 bond authorization adopted by the Legislature last session totaled \$3.2 billion. Including remaining capacity in the 2017–19 biennium, total bond capacity is \$3.261 billion. The underlying 2019–21 Capital Construction Budget ([HB 1101](#)) appropriated \$3.183 billion in bonds, leaving less than \$100 million in capacity.

The Senate 2020 Supplemental Capital Construction Budget appropriates \$59 million in bond proceeds, leaving \$20.1 million in available bond capacity. Additionally, the proposal would authorize \$121 million in alternative financing.

For K–12 education, the Senate package would appropriate \$73.4 million—comprised of \$19.8 million in bond proceeds and \$53.5 million in other funds (specifically the Common School Construction Account). \$53.5 million would be provided for the School Construction Assistance Program (SCAP). This Maintenance Level funding would fund 65 construction and renovation projects in 39 school districts. Additionally, \$15 million would be provided to initiate a School Seismic Safety Retrofit program, providing K–12 school buildings with grants for seismic safety improvements; \$3 million would be provided to increase the number of grants in the Small District Modernization Grant program; and \$1.8 million would be provided to the Distressed Schools Grant program for two projects in Seattle, two projects in Tacoma, and one in Port Orchard.

This Week in Review

On Wednesday, the Legislature passed another [major deadline](#)—the house of origin cut-off. Any bill—excepting budget bills and bills considered “Necessary to Implement the Budget”—that failed to be adopted by its original house (that is, House bills out of the House and Senate bills out of the Senate) is technically dead. Hundreds of additional bills died at 5:00 p.m. on Wednesday, failing to be moved.

Including bills automatically reintroduced from the 2019 session, over 4,600 bills were on the docket in 2020. After passing the Legislature's first three major, self-imposed deadlines, less than [600 bills](#) remain alive. With less than three weeks left in this scheduled 60-day session (and three more cut-off dates prior to the session's ultimate

deadline, *Sine Die*, the last day of session), a huge amount of those remaining bills are destined to die.

So, let's discuss some of the key education bills that were adopted by the House or Senate in the last week-and-a-half and remain alive.

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- **SB 6189 (SEBB Eligibility)**—As originally introduced, this bill would have done three things. It would have: clarified that substitute teachers and intermittent school employees are not benefit-eligible; clarified that retired school employees who are eligible for Public Employees' Benefits Board (PEBB) coverage and Medicare are not eligible for SEBB coverage, even if they work for 630 hours or more; and prohibited dual coverage for cases where one spouse is on SEBB and the other is on PEBB.

As [described last week](#), the Senate Ways & Means Committee held a public hearing on a Proposed Substitute of the bill. The Proposed Substitute would have required OSPI to collect data and, in collaboration with the Health Care Authority (HCA), analyze the impact of benefits provided by SEBB for substitutes and coaches. OSPI and HCA then would have been required to convene a Work Group to develop recommendations on “how to meet local school funding needs to support benefits provided” by SEBB.

When the bill came up for executive action in Committee, another Proposed Substitute was on the table. The new bill, which was adopted, eliminated the required analysis by OSPI and HCA and eliminated the establishment of a Work Group. Instead, the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Committee (JLARC) is required to conduct a study to identify the number and types of part-time school district employees and their eligibility for benefits through SEBB. Further, it directs HCA to analyze the impacts to the state and by school district of changes to the waiver policy. Additionally, a current law requirement that school districts report to OSPI on the number of substitute teachers is modified to also include the number of hours worked and how many are eligible for health care benefits. JLARC is required to submit their review and recommendations to the Legislature by July 1, 2021. Positively, the analysis required by HCA described above must be completed by November 1, 2020.

SB 6189 was finally moved to the Senate Floor on Wednesday. A [Striking Amendment](#) was on the bar and was ultimately adopted. The Striking Amendment was substantially similar to the Substitute adopted by the Ways & Means Committee, with mostly minor adjustments. The Striking Amendment requires the data that must be collected to include employees who worked full-time and requires the budget information to include an estimate of the number of employees funded for pupil transportation and special education. Unfortunately, it also changes the due date of the JLARC report and the HCA analysis to September 1, 2021, from July 1, 2021 and November 1, 2020, respectively. Additionally, the HCA is directed to consider a policy that allows for variable rates to apply to employees that waive medical coverage and to consider the impacts of allowing employees to waive employer paid coverage, as well as any other options put forward by SEBB.

Two amendments to the Striking Amendment were also addressed. The [first amendment](#) would have clarified that substitute teachers and other employees that work an intermittent unspecified workweek are not SEBB benefit-eligible, similar to the original language of SB 6189. The [second amendment](#) would have allowed school employees in a job-sharing position to receive a prorated portion of the employer contribution towards benefits under SEBB. This mirrored the provisions of [SB 6296](#), a bill which received a public hearing, but died without further action. Neither amendment was adopted, and the Striking Amendment

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was approved as introduced. SB 6189 was adopted by the full Senate with a vote of 47–1.

- **HB 2458 (Optional Benefits)**—This bill was drafted jointly by WASA and WEA to clarify—and reaffirm—that school districts may offer optional benefits (in particular, VEBA plans) that are not provided by SEBB. Early on, the Health Care Authority (HCA) stayed behind-the-scenes and were ostensibly “neutral.” As the bill continued to move, however, HCA staff approached us with concerns—along with proposed amendments that would shore up HCA powers. The coalition supporting the bill (school district management: WASA & WASBO; school district labor: WEA & PSE; and private insurance brokers) met with HCA staff to draft a new bill that would appease HCA, while continuing to provide us with an assurance that VEBA (and other optional benefits) are secure. After multiple meetings and shared drafts, we reached a compromise that made all parties comfortable. A Striking Amendment was on the bar ready to be adopted when things started to unravel. Language that all parties had agreed upon was altered in the drafting process. (I hate to throw anybody under the bus, but simply put, staff in the Code Reviser’s Office screwed up.) It became clear the Striking Amendment was either going to fail or be crippled by a split vote and hobble over the finish line.

Ultimately, the Striking Amendment was set down and the original bill was adopted (with no dissenting votes). Key sponsors of the bill—from each caucus—committed to assist in redrafting the amendment and assisting us in shepherding the bill through process. HB 2458 has been scheduled for a public hearing in the Senate Ways & Means Committee on February 26. The Senate companion bill, [SB 6479](#), was adopted by its fiscal committee, but never made it out of the Rules Committee to the Floor and died lacking further action.

- **SB 6117 (Special Education)**—This bill was adopted by the full Senate on Wednesday with no dissenting votes. It was adopted as [described last week](#).

While we continue to support the bill (providing about \$9.7 million to increase the excess cost multiplier), we continue to press legislators to provide additional funds to more significantly shrink the \$300+ million underfunding of special education. As noted above, we hope that K–12 education might be able to capture some of the additional revenues from this week’s positive Revenue Forecast.

- **HB 1813 (Pupil Transportation Contracts)**—This bill would require a school district, if they contracted for pupil transportation services, to include health benefits and pension contributions equivalent to those received by school classified staff. Returning from last year, HB 1813 was adopted (for a second time) by the full House on January 30. A similar (but not a specific companion) bill, [SB 6176](#), was heard in the Senate Early Learning & K–12 Education Committee, but received no other action and died at the Legislature’s first cut-off.

With the failure of SB 6176 and the long dormancy of HB 1813, we thought we dodged a bullet; however, it was recently added to next week’s hearing list. HB 1813 will be heard in the Senate Early Learning & K–12 Education Committee on February 26. HB 1813 (and the now-dead SB 6176) would cause pupil transportation contracts to increase in cost. The greater concern, however, is the slippery slope: if this bill is adopted for pupil transportation service contracts, would food service contracts be next? What about maintenance contracts or other services provided by independent contractors?

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- **[HB 2864 \(Running Start Summer School Pilot\)](#)**—This bill, [discussed last week](#), was adopted by the full House with a vote of 78–19. It is scheduled to be heard in the Senate Early Learning & K–12 Education Committee on February 24.
- **[HB 2421 \(Election Costs\)](#)**—As [discussed last week](#), this bill was adopted by the full House with a vote of 80–16. It has been scheduled for a public hearing in the Senate Ways & Means Committee on February 26. The Senate companion bill, [SB 6134](#), died in the Senate Rules Committee without action.
- **[SB 5908 \(Equity Training in Professional Development\)](#)**—As [described last week](#), this bill would require equity, diversity, and inclusion professional development to be incorporated into existing cultural competency training for school board directors, district staff, and school staff. The bill, adopted by the full Senate with a vote of 29–17, has been scheduled for a public hearing in the House Education Committee on February 25. The bill has already been scheduled for executive action on February 27.
- **[HB 2614 \(Paid Family Medical Leave\)](#)**—Requested by the Employment Security Department to make technical corrections to the Paid Family Medical Leave (PFML) program, as [discussed last week](#), was adopted by the full House with a vote of 60–37. It was heard yesterday in the Senate Commerce & Labor Committee and is scheduled for executive action on February 25. The Senate companion bill, [SB 6349](#), died in the Senate Rules Committee.

As a reminder, as this bill continues to move, the Employment Security Department continues to propose and adopt PFML Rules. WASA, WASBO, and WSPA are working together to review the newest set of proposed Rules and will be submitting comments soon. In December, we (along with other local governments) were successful in pushing back against Rules that would have expanded employer liability for providing medical benefit coverage to employees who are out on leave. The Rules would have expanded continuation of benefits when the federal Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA) was exhausted.

The new proposed Rules would require the continuation of benefits if there was any overlap between the federal FMLA and Washington's PFML, by even one day. We believe this is a clear overreach regarding the continuation of benefits. If you are interested in participating in the process, review the [proposed Rules](#). If you want to provide comments, there is a [public hearing](#) on May 4, 2020. You can also provide written comments.

- **[HB 2660 \(Free School Meals\)](#)**—Originally this was bill of great concern to school districts. Following strong work by the Washington School Nutrition Association, however, the House Education Committee ultimately adopted a substitute version of the bill that is being viewed much more favorably. The amended bill would require every school with students in or below Grade 8 with 62.5 percent or more of its students eligible for the federal Free or Reduced-price Meals (FRPM) program to participate in the federal Community Eligibility Provision (CEP) program, thereby making school meals available to all students at no charge. Original language would have negatively impacted funding of the Learning Assistance Program (LAP), as well as funding of the bonuses for Certificated Instructional Staff who have attained certification from the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards. Committee-adopted amendments allow schools participating in the CEP to receive state allocations for LAP and National Board bonuses based on the district's percentage of students who were eligible for Free or Reduced-price Meals in the school year that preceded the school's participation in the CEP. OSPI is also required to convene monthly meetings with organizations working on a plan to increase the number of students participating in the CEP, and directs OSPI and the organizations to

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examine the impacts to schools and districts that can result from participation in the CEP and to identify approaches to addressing those impacts.

When the bill reached the House Floor, another amendment was accepted. The [Floor amendment](#) would exempt schools from the requirement to participate in the CEP, if the school has an arrangement with a local entity to provide meals to all students at no cost. The full House adopted the amended bill with a vote of 97–1. It has not yet been scheduled for a hearing by the Senate Early Learning & K–12 Education Committee.

- **[HB 1860 \(Lead in School Drinking Water\)](#)**—This bill addresses lead in drinking water in schools, requiring testing, remediation, and public notice. HB 1860’s intent section clearly lays out what this bill is all about. It states: “The Legislature intends to require that drinking water outlets in elementary and secondary school buildings built, or renovated with drinking water lines and outlets replaced before 2016 be tested for the presence and level of lead contamination by June 30, 2025, and every five years thereafter. The Legislature also intends to require that schools notify the school community of lead test results and develop action plans for remediation if test results exceed nine parts per billion.”

The intent section also notes that in the 2019–21 Operating Budget, the Department of Health (DOH) was appropriated funds to conduct testing for lead contamination in school drinking water; however, it also declares that additional funding will not be needed until Fiscal Year 2022. There is no guarantee more money will be forthcoming and school districts would be left to foot the bill if DOH is shut out in the next budget. There are also major concerns about remediation if lead is found. The intent section states last year’s biennial budget provided funding to OSPI for grants to assist with remediation. Like many grant programs, that funding is not expected to go very far. There also is some disconcerting language that states if a school district does not receive a state or federal grant to remediate lead in drinking water, the school district may not conduct remediation activities that exceed \$2,000 per school building. Unfunded mandates are a problem, but this language goes the other way, prohibiting school districts from spending funds that may be necessary to solve the problem. The language goes on to say, if a school district has incomplete remediation activities, they must apply for grant funding to complete the remediation activities when grants are available for this purpose through DOH or OSPI.

Prior to final adoption of HB 1860 in the House, an amendment was passed which changed the required testing schedule, from “June 30, 2024” and “every three years” to “June 30, 2025” and “every five years.” The bill was adopted by the full House with a unanimous vote. A public hearing has not yet been scheduled in the Senate.

- **[SB 5572 \(Small District Modernization Grants\)](#)**—As [described last week](#), this bill would establish a Small District School District Modernization Grant Program in statute. As noted above, the proposed Senate Supplemental Capital Budget includes \$3 million to increase the number of grants provided for this program, which is embedded in the underlying 2019–21 Capital Budget. The bill was adopted by the full Senate with a vote of 47–1.
- **[SB 6521 \(Innovative Learning Pilot\)](#)**—This bill would direct OSPI to establish an Innovative Learning Pilot Program to authorize full-time enrollment funding for students participating in Mastery-Based Learning Programs, as [described last week](#). SB 6521 was adopted by the full Senate with no dissenting votes. It has been scheduled for a public hearing in the House Education Committee on February 24, and is scheduled for executive action on February 25.

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- **[HB 1182 \(Learning Assistance Program\)](#)**—This bill provides additional flexibility in use of LAP funds and requires the expenditure of funds be consistent with the Washington Integrated Student Supports Protocol (WISSP), as **[described last week](#)**. The full House adopted the bill with a vote of 97–1. It has not yet been scheduled for a public hearing in the Senate Early Learning & K–12 Education Committee.
- **[SB 6141 \(Access to Higher Education\)](#)**—This bill is focused on student access to higher education; however, it would require school districts with a high school to hold a Financial Aid Advising Day and provide notification of financial aid opportunities at the beginning of the school year to parents and guardians of any student entering the twelfth grade. The bill passed the full Senate with a vote of 47–1.

For the full list of bills that we are tracking, along with current status, check out **[WASA's Bill Watch](#)**. An updated list can also be found at the end of each *TWIO*.

The Week Ahead

Following a week of lengthy Floor sessions in both the House and Senate, most of the action returns to committee hearing rooms. As the end of session rapidly approaches, this face-paced session will be even more frenetic. If this was a gameshow, this would be the “lightning round.” Policy committees have until next Friday, February 28 to adopt legislation, then fiscal committees have three days (March 2) to act on legislation with budget impacts.

As noted above, the major activities next week will be budget-related. Both the House and Senate will release their 2020 Supplemental Operating Budgets on Monday (likely at noon), followed by afternoon public hearings. Both budget proposals are scheduled to be adopted by their respective fiscal committees on Tuesday. With a simultaneous budget release, it is unclear if either or both bills will continue onto Floor, or if budget-writers will move straight to negotiations, then fast-track an agreed upon final, compromise budget through both houses. Legislators have multiple options and which route the budget(s) take likely hinge on the size and number of differences between the two proposals.

The House 2020 Supplemental Capital Budget is expected to be released on Monday, alongside the Operating Budget. It is scheduled to be heard in the House Capital Budget Committee on Tuesday, followed by a scheduled executive session on Thursday. The Senate released its proposal two days ago. It received a public hearing in the Senate Ways & Means Committee yesterday and was adopted by the Committee earlier today. Like the Operating Budget, it is unclear if the full Senate will act on the Capital Budget quickly, or if they will wait.

AEA

By Mitch Denning

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On Wednesday, the Legislature's cut-off for bills to move out of their original house has come and gone. AEA priority bills that we're focusing on that have passed their house of origin and moved to the opposite house include, [SHB 2660](#), increasing the availability of school meals provided to K–12 students at no cost, which is now in Senate Early Learning & K–12 awaiting a public hearing. AEA supports this bill.

[2SSB 5572](#)—authorizing modernization grants for small districts, is now in House Capital Budget awaiting a public hearing. AEA supported this bill also in the 2019 session, and it died in House Capital Budget.

[E2SHB 1272](#)—school lunch duration, remains in the Senate Early Learning & K–12 Committee awaiting a public hearing. AEA supported the bill last year as it became part of a budget proviso in the 2019–21 Operating Budget.

Bills that AEA is watching include:

[2SSB 6117](#)—appropriations for special education programs, now in the House Education Committee.

[HB 2458](#)—optional benefits offered by school districts, is scheduled for a public hearing in the Senate Ways & Means Committee on February 26.

[ESSB 6189](#)—eligibility for SEBB coverage, passed the Senate and is awaiting its House committee assignment.

[3SHB 1660](#)—participation of low-income students in extracurricular activities, is now in the Senate Early Learning & K–12 Committee.

[E2SHB 1860](#)—lead in drinking water in schools, passed the House and is awaiting its Senate committee assignment.

Yesterday, the Senate Ways & Means Committee held a public hearing on [SSB 6248](#), the Senate's 2020–21 Supplemental Capital Budget. Four stakeholders testified, all in support, including OSPI, WSSDA, Franklin Pierce/Schools Coalition, and AEA.

The K–12 section of the Senate's capital budget provides \$19.8 million in bond proceeds and \$53.5 million in other funds for K–12 school construction and modernization for a total of \$73.3 million.

One, the \$53.5 million from the Common School Construction Account for the SCAP program funds 65 construction and renovation projects in 39 school districts for OSPI's July 1, release of state funding assistance.

Two, \$15 million is provided to begin an OSPI grant program to retrofit K–12 school buildings for seismic safety improvements. Included in the appropriation is \$13.2 million for school seismic safety retrofits grants, and \$1.8 million for districts to perform rapid visual screening assessments of school buildings constructed prior to January 1, 1997. OSPI must establish an advisory committee, including a representative from the Department of Natural Resources, which will administrate the grant process. OSPI will then submit their recommendations to the Legislature by December 31, 2020.

Three, an additional \$3 million is allocated for small school districts modernization grant projects, as there were many more schools projects applied for than could be funded within the \$20 million funded in the 2019–21 Capital Budget. Also, SSB 6248 approves

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the list of small district modernization grant projects that were selected by OSPI as directed by the 2019–21 Capital Budget.

Specifically, the budget funds the following small school districts' modernization grant projects: Oakville, Kahlotus, Washtucna, Index, Lamont, Green Mountain, Harrington, Skamania, Endicott, and Centerville SDs.

Four, \$1.8 million is added to the Distressed Schools grant for projects in Seattle, Tacoma, and Port Orchard SDs.

Within the new funds for the Distressed Schools grant, the following new projects are funded: (1) a two-classroom preschool addition at John Muir Elementary (\$700,000) and the conversion of two classrooms to a new health clinic at Lowell Elementary (\$300,000) both in the Seattle SD; (2) an agricultural resource center (\$238,000) and a schoolyard park (\$200,000) in the Tacoma SD; and (3) a school-based health center (\$309,000) in the Port Orchard SD.

Pensions/Health Benefits

By Fred Yancey – The Nexus Group

“Show me the money...”
From the film JERRY MCQUIRE

Proposed bills have now either passed their respective chambers and are awaiting further action in the opposite house, or they are ‘dead’. (Remember that no bill is really ‘dead’ until *Sine Die*. Bills with fiscal impacts can be deemed ‘necessary to implement the budget’ (NTIB) or just plain deemed necessary by a majority of a legislative body.)

Bills now move relatively quickly with public hearings and often same day executive sessions.

Here is a summary of bills that are ‘alive’ to date.

Retirement Related Proposals

Proposed bills dealing with providing a benefit increase to those members in TRS 1 and PERS 1 plans can easily be seen as NTIB (Necessary to Implement the Budget) so will remain alive until Session ends.

SB 5400—at the request of the Select Committee on Pension Policy grants TRS/PERS Plans 1 beneficiaries an increase to their monthly benefit of three percent multiplied by the beneficiaries’ monthly benefit, not to exceed \$62.50 on the first \$25,000 of benefit. Its companion bill is **HB 1390**.

Both bills unanimously passed their respective houses, SSB 5400 (48–0) and EHB 1390 (98–0).

Senator Ann Rivers proposed an amendment to bump the increase to 5 percent plus \$100 on the benefit. It failed 24–24 with Lieutenant Governor Habib casting the deciding “No” vote.

The upcoming release of the budgets, (both are coming out Monday, February 24) will show if this increase is funded. Cost is estimated to be \$19 million.

School Employees' Benefits Board (SEBB) Health Related Proposals

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SSB 6189—Directs the Joint Legislative Audit & Review Committee to study the number and types of part-time employees that are eligible for School Employees' Benefits Board coverage. Directs the Health Care Authority to analyze changes to the requirement that employers pay premiums when employees waive coverage. Reports are due September 1, 2021. Prohibits dual enrollment in School Employees' Benefits Board and Public Employees' Benefits Board plans.

This bill passed the Senate 47–1.

Two issues continue to come to mind: 1) The district cost data is not due until 2021 which is too far in the future, particularly since it would be the 2022 Session that could address any concerns that came to light; and 2) It does nothing to address the unfunded costs districts are paying for SEBB enrollees.

HB 2458—Concerning optional benefits offered by school districts.

Specifies that school district optional benefits may not compete with any basic or optional benefits offered through the School Employees' Benefits Board. Grants school districts express authority to offer employee-paid, voluntary benefits to school employees that are paid by employees through a payroll deduction and provides examples of those benefits. Includes intent language and a legislative finding that supplemental fixed payment insurance plans offer financial protection and do not conflict or compete with basic medical or disability plans.

The debate on the bill can be seen [here](#). Starts at 47:08.

This bill passed the House 97–0 and is scheduled for a public hearing on February 26, at 3:30 p.m. before the Senate Ways & Means Committee.

Other Bills:

ESHB 1813—Mandates that the costs of contracted employee health and retirement benefits must be built into school district contracts for pupil transportation.

The House passed this bill (60–36). It has been scheduled a public hearing on February 26, before the Senate Education Committee at 1:30 p.m.

Other Bills that may have Fiscal/HR Impacts for Districts

SHB 2614—Concerning paid family and medical leave.

Makes numerous revisions to the Paid Family and Medical Leave program to provide clarity and improve the program's administration, including waiting periods, conditional waivers, and supplementation of benefits. Exempts casual labor from the types of covered employment. Grants the Employment Security Department (ESD) statutory authority to administer oaths, take depositions, issue subpoenas, or compel a witness' attendance in an administrative proceeding. Allows ESD to apply for and obtain a superior court order authorizing a subpoena in advance of its issuance. Authorizes employees to bring a private right of action to recover damages for an employer's unlawful acts, under specified conditions. This bill is agency request legislation.

It is scheduled February 25, for Executive Session before the Senate Labor & Commerce Committee.

HB 2739—Adjusting certain requirements of the shared leave program. Provides that state employees seeking shared leave due to illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition are not required to deplete all of their annual and sick leave before receiving shared leave. Allows intermittent and non-consecutive use of shared leave.

This Week in Olympia:
Week 6, February 17–21, 2020

continued

This bill passed the House 96–1 and is scheduled for Executive Session on February 26, before the Senate State Government Committee.

SSB 5473—Studying the impact of making unemployment benefits accessible to persons with family responsibilities and other availability issues and making clarifying changes. This bill passed the Senate 40–6 and is scheduled for Executive Session on February 24, before the House Labor Committee.

SB 6123—Allowing state employee leave for organ donation. Requires agencies to allow employees to take paid leave as needed, not exceeding 30 days in a two-year period, for participation in life-giving procedures.

This bill passed the House 47–0 and has been scheduled for Executive Session February 21, before the House State Government Committee.



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Legislative Resources

Committee Meeting Schedule

Legislative Committees Meetings are scheduled to be held at the following times but are subject to change.

Up-to-date meeting schedules and agendas are available on the [State Legislature website](#).

Mondays

1:30–3:25 p.m.
Senate Early Learning & K–12 Education
Senate Hearing Room 1

House Education
House Hearing Room A

3:30–5:30 p.m.
Senate Ways & Means
Senate Hearing Room 4

House Appropriations
House Hearing Room A

Tuesdays

1:30–3:25 p.m.
Senate Early Learning & K–12 Education
Senate Hearing Room 1

House Education
House Hearing Room A

3:30–5:30 p.m.
Senate Ways & Means
Senate Hearing Room 4

Wednesdays

3:30–5:30 p.m.
Senate Ways & Means
Senate Hearing Room 4

House Appropriations
House Hearing Room A

Thursdays

8–9:55 a.m.
House Education
House Hearing Room A

1:30–3:25 p.m.
Senate Early Learning & K–12 Education
Senate Hearing Room 1

3:30–5:30 p.m.
Senate Ways & Means
Senate Hearing Room 4

House Appropriations
House Hearing Room A

Useful Links

Washington State Government
<http://www.access.wa.gov>

State Legislature
<http://www.leg.wa.gov>

Senate
<http://www.leg.wa.gov/Senate>

House of Representatives
<http://www.leg.wa.gov/House>

Legislative Committees
<http://www.leg.wa.gov/legislature/pages/committeelisting.aspx>

Legislative Schedules
<http://www.leg.wa.gov/legislature/pages/calendar.aspx>

Office of the Governor
<http://www.governor.wa.gov>

OSPI
<http://www.k12.wa.us>

TVW
<http://www.tvw.org>

Session Cut-off Calendar

January 13, 2020

First Day of Session.

February 7, 2020

Last day to read in committee reports in house of origin, except House fiscal, Senate Ways & Means, and Transportation committees.

February 11, 2020

Last day to read in committee reports from House fiscal, Senate Ways & Means, and Transportation committees in house of origin.

February 19, 2020

Last day to consider bills in house of origin (5 p.m.).

February 28, 2020

Last day to read in committee reports from opposite house, except House fiscal, Senate Ways & Means, and Transportation committees.

March 2, 2020

Last day to read in opposite house committee reports from House fiscal, Senate Ways & Means, and Transportation committees.

March 6, 2020*

Last day to consider opposite house bills (5 p.m.) (except initiatives and alternatives to initiatives, budgets and matters necessary to implement budgets, differences between the houses, and matters incident to the interim and closing of the session).

March 12, 2020

Last day allowed for regular session under state constitution.

*After the 94th day, only initiatives, alternatives to initiatives, budgets and matters necessary to implement budgets, messages pertaining to amendments, differences between the houses, and matters incident to the interim and closing of the session may be considered.

Bill Watch

TWIO tracks critical education bills each week as they are introduced. Detailed bill information can be accessed by clicking on the bill number. The following is a list of the bills of highest interest to school administrators. A more comprehensive bill watch list is located on the [WASA website](#).

Bill #	Title	Status	Sponsor
HB 1000	Temp. vehicle trip permits	H Transportation	Klippert
HB 1035	School resource officers	H Appropriations	Walsh
HB 1038	Firearms/school employees	H Civil R & Judiciary	Walsh
2SHB 1039	Opioid medications/schools	H Rules X	Pollet
SHB 1057	School bus safety	H Appropriations	Mosbrucker
HB 1060	Medical marijuana/students	H HC/Wellness	Blake
SHB 1063	Primary elections/age 17	H Rules R	Bergquist
2SHB 1076 (ESSB 5067)	Common schools	H 2nd Reading	Dolan
HB 1089	Certificates of achievement	H Rules X	MacEwen
HB 1093 (SB 5312)	Special ed. appropriations	H Appropriations	Dolan
SHB 1106	Truancy/detention	H Appropriations	Orwall
HB 1108 (SB 5154)	Supp. Operating Budget 2017–19	H Appropriations	Ormsby
HB 1111	Regionalization/islands	H Appropriations	Fitzgibbon
SHB 1119 (SB 5158)	Educator evaluations	H Appropriations	McCaslin
SHB 1120 (SB 5068)	State learning standards	H Rules R	Dolan
HB 1121 (SSB 5146)	High school graduation requirements	H Education	Dolan
HB 1123	CTC tuition waiver program	H Appropriations	Pollet
SHB 1124	Degree-granting institutions	H Appropriations	Pollet
HB 1132 (SB 5178)	TRS & SERS early retirement	H Appropriations	Appleton
HB 1156 (SB 5192)	K–12 employee benefit contracts	H Appropriations	Appleton
SHB 1163 (SB 5188)	Expanded learning opp. programs	H Appropriations	Kloba
HB 1164 (SB 5427)	Dual credit programs	H Education	Bergquist
HB 1172 (SB 5314)	Capital gains tax/property tax	H Finance	Santos
SHB 1173 (SB 5071)	Obsolete school provisions		Santos
2SHB 1182	Learning assistance program	S Early Learning/K–12	Santos
HB 1184	School district elections	H Education	Stonier
2SHB 1191 (SB 5554)	School notifications	H 2nd Reading	Goodman
HB 1200 (SSB 5247)	Catastrophic incident plans	H Appropriations	Dolan
HB 1209 (SSB 5063)	Ballots, prepaid postage	H Appropriations	Hansen

2SHB 1211 (E2SSB 5116)	Clean energy	H Appropriations	Tarleton
HB 1221	Youth suicide/crisis plans	H Education	Orwall
HB 1245	School safety planning	H Cap Budget	Pollet
SHB 1256	Driving w/ electronic device	S Transportation	Lovick
SHB 1263 (SSB 5324)	Homeless student support	H Appropriations	Fey
ESHB 1264	Secondary traumatic stress	S Early Learning/K–12	Ortiz-Self
SHB 1265	School counselor access	H Appropriations	Ortiz-Self
E2SHB 1272	School lunch durations	S Early Learning/K–12	Thai
HB 1281 (SSB 5859)	Educational mentor programs	H Education	Pettigrew
HB 1291 (SB 5073)	Election cost reimbursement	H Appropriations	Walsh
E2SHB 1304 (SB 5448)	CTE/alt. learning exp. programs	S Early Learning/K–12	MacEwen
ESHB 1308 (SB 5360)	Retirement system defaults	H Rules X	Stanford
SHB 1314	Ethnic studies in schools	H Appropriations	Ortiz-Self
HB 1322 (2SSB 5607)	Dual language learning	H Appropriations	Ortiz-Self
HB 1327 (SSB 5379)	Parenting minors, supports	H Appropriations	Kilduff
SHB 1336 (E2SSB 5327)	Career connected learning	H Appropriations	Slatter
HB 1362	Postretirement emp./benefits	H Appropriations	Klippert
HB 1384	Poverty learning assist. program	H Education	Jenkin
HB 1387	Shared game lottery proceeds	H Appropriations	Stanford
HB 1388 (SB 5430)	Postretirement options	H Appropriations	Doglio
EHB 1390 (SSB 5400)	PERS/TRS 1 benefit increase	H Passed 3rd	Leavitt
SHB 1393 (E2SSB 5432)	Behavioral health, integrate	H Rules X	Cody
HB 1407 (ESSB 5395)	Sexual health education	H Education	Stonier
HB 1409 (SB 5414)	School employee leave cap	H Appropriations	Appleton
HB 1425 (SB 5159)	Bilingual instruction program	H Appropriations	Lekanoff
SHB 1454	Students with disabilities	H Appropriations	Pollet
HB 1459	Running start summer pilot	H Education	Sullivan
HB 1467	High school graduation supports	H Education	Sells
SHB 1468 (SB 5070)	Bilingual educators	H Appropriations	Thai
HB 1475	Leadership skills grant program	H Appropriations	Young
HB 1478	State officials/H.S. assessment	H State Govt & Tribal	Volz
SHB 1479 (SB 5777)	Student mental health	H Appropriations	Senn
HB 1481 (SB 5500)	Election costs & postage	H State Govt & Tribal	Dolan

HB 1496 (SB 5576)	Climate science education	H Education	Dolan
3SHB 1498 (2SSB 5511)	Broadband service	H Rules X	Hudgins
SHB 1507	School safety/design	H Rules R	Walsh
HB 1547	Basic education funding	H Appropriations	Dolan
HB 1559	Back-to-school supplies/tax	H Finance	MacEwen
HB 1596	Flexibility schools & zones	H Education	Kirby
HB 1623	Public schools/sign language	H Appropriations	Dolan
HB 1624 (SSB 5612)	Holocaust education	H Education	Thai
HB 1627 (SB 5773)	Regionalization/Federal Way	H Appropriations	Reeves
3SHB 1660	Extracurricular/low income	S Early Learning/K–12	Bergquist
HB 1674	Personalized learning exp.	S Early Learning/K–12	Rude
HB 1685	Free or reduced-price meals	H Appropriations	Peterson
SHB 1715 (SB 5669)	Withholding of transcripts	S Early Learning/K–12	Entenman
HB 1720 (SB 5014)	Student assessment requirements	H Education	Young
HB 1755	Education doctorate degrees	S Higher & Workforce	Leavitt
HB 1758	School construction taxes	H Finance	Young
HB 1763	Active shooter event/schools	H Civil R & Judiciary	Young
HB 1779 (ESB 5834)	Student immigration status	H Education	Doglio
SHB 1782	Advisory group meetings	H Rules R	Pollet
SHB 1791 (SSB 5851)	Vuln. children ed. opportunity	H Rules X	Reeves
ESHB 1813	Pupil transportation contracts	S Early Learning/K–12	Sullivan
HB 1833	School volunteers	H Education	Ryu
HB 1845	Deduction of union dues	H Labor & Workplace	Stokesbary
E2SHB 1860	School drinking water/lead	H Passed 3rd	Pollet
HB 1863 (SB 5804)	Ag., food, nat. resource education	H Education	Blake
HB 1891	Career & tech. education resources	H Appropriations	Paul
HB 1910	Special education funding	H Appropriations	Pollet
HB 1914 (ESSB 5908)	Equity training/schools	H Education	Doglio
HB 1943	Educational staff associates	H Appropriations	Santos
HB 1955	PEBB & SEBB health premiums	H Appropriations	Stokesbary
HB 1969	School choice scholarship	H Education	Corry
HB 2006 (SB 5650)	Teaching cursive in schools	H Education	Rude
HB 2012 (SB 5821)	K–12 national cert. bonuses	H Education	Boehnke

HB 2023	School boards/bond training	H Cap Budget	Sells
HB 2029	High poverty learning assist	H Appropriations	Paul
EHB 2040	Nonhigh school districts	S Early Learning/K–12	MacEwen
HB 2045	Inter-district student trans.	H Education	Kilduff
HB 2056	Sexual health education/info	H Education	Shea
HB 2073	Learning assistance program	H Appropriations	Volz
HB 2084	Prototypical school funding	H Appropriations	Ortiz-Self
HB 2090	Balanced budget/vetoes	H Appropriations	Kraft
HB 2096	ESD health benefits	H Appropriations	Bergquist
SHB 2108	K–3 class sizes/funding	H Appropriations	Callan
ESHB 2116	Institutional education	H Passed 3rd	Callan
2SHB 2117 (SB 5973)	State tax structure	H Rules X	Frame
SHB 2128	CTE reporting requirements	H Rules R	Leavitt
HB 2145	Property tax revenue growth	H Finance	Pollet
HB 2147	Schools/foundational texts	H Education	Kraft
HB 2149	Zero-based budget reviews	H Appropriations	Stokesbary
HB 2150	State spending programs review	H Appropriations	Stokesbary
HB 2151	Fiscal notes	H Appropriations	Stokesbary
HB 2152	State budget balancing	H Appropriations	Stokesbary
HB 2153	Agency budget requests	H Appropriations	Stokesbary
SHB 2156	Taxes on asset sales, profit	H Rules X	Jenkins
2SHB 2157	Tax structure	H Rules X	Tarleton
HB 2169	Revenue T.O.	H Finance	Tarleton
HB 2173	Fiscal matters T.O.	H Appropriations	Ormsby
HB 2175	Education T.O.	H Appropriations	Ormsby
HB 2176	Fiscal matters T.O.	H Appropriations	Ormsby
HB 2177	Capital Budget T.O.	H Cap Budget	Tharinger
HB 2178	General obligation bonds T.O.	H Cap Budget	Tharinger
HB 2183	Work Source/student access	H Education	Young
HB 2201	School athletics/gender	H Education	Klippert
SHB 2205	Technical corrections	H Passed 3rd	Goodman
ESHB 2220	School volunteers/conviction	H Passed 3rd	Dolan
HB 2222 (SB 6145)	Property tax reduction	H Finance	Walsh

HB 2224	Ballot measure fiscal impact	H State Govt & Tribal	Walsh
HB 2225	Legislative budget office	H Appropriations	Walsh
HB 2226 (SB 6030)	Immigration enforcement	H Civil R & Judiciary	Walsh
HB 2258 (2SSB 6117)	Special ed. appropriations	H Appropriations	Dolan
HB 2259 (SB 6100)	Background checks/education	S Early Learning/K–12	Rude
HB 2264	Accrued vacation leave cap	H Rules R	Doglio
HB 2269 (SSB 6105)	State education agencies	H Education	Dolan
SHB 2270	School bus stop signals	H 2nd Reading	Dolan
HB 2286	Teacher job sharing	H Appropriations	McCaslin
HB 2288	School-based health centers	H Education	Leavitt
HB 2290 (SB 6101)	Dyslexia early screening	H Rules R	Pollet
HB 2298	Free and reduced meals info.	H Education	Leavitt
2SHB 2299 (SB 6576)	Prison to postsecondary education	H 2nd Reading	Leavitt
SHB 2304	Shared leave/L&I benefits	H Rules R	Doglio
HB 2321 (SB 6333)	Youth access to 21+ products	H Commerce & Gaming	Leavitt
HB 2323	Motor vehicle sales tax	H Finance	MacEwen
HB 2324 (SB 6248)	Capital Budget, supplemental	H Cap Budget	Tharinger
HB 2325 (SB 6168)	Operating Budget, supplement	H Appropriations	Ormsby
HB 2331	OPMA agendas & notices	H State Govt & Tribal	Kraft
HB 2349 (SSB 6157)	Bleeding control kits/school	H Education	Stonier
HB 2350 (SB 6657)	Marijuana advertising	H Commerce & Gaming	Kirby
SHB 2387	School bus diesel emissions	H Rules R	Kilduff
ESHB 2421	Election cost reimbursement	S Ways & Means	Tarleton
SHB 2428	Student allergic reactions	H Appropriations	Duerr
HB 2436	Student restraint	H Education	Klippert
ESHB 2455 (2SSB 6255)	High school/childcare	S Early Learning/K–12	Kilduff
HB 2458 (SB 6479)	Optional benefits/schools	S Ways & Means	Stonier
HB 2509 (SSB 6339)	Computer science grants	H Education	Callan
HB 2522 (SB 6167)	Homelessness BSA appropriations	H Appropriations	Ormsby
SHB 2523 (ESSB 6141)	Higher education access	H Appropriations	Ortiz-Self
HB 2529 (SB 6503)	Odd-numbered year elections	H State Govt & Tribal	Gregerson
HB 2530	Primary election date, May	H State Govt & Tribal	Gregerson
ESHB 2551 (SB 6607)	Tribal regalia/graduation	S Early Learning/K–12	Lekanoff

HB 2558 (ESB 6313)	Young voters	H State Govt & Tribal	Bergquist
HB 2562 (SB 6416)	Telehealth services/schools	H Health Care/Wellness	Stonier
HB 2581	Special education enrollment limit	H Appropriations	Caldier
SHB 2583	Student transp./out-of-home	H 2nd Reading	Caldier
SHB 2589 (SB 6449)	Suicide prevention/ID cards	S Early Learning/K–12	Callan
HB 2602	Hair discrimination	S Law & Justice	Morgan
SHB 2614 (SSB 6349)	Paid family & medical leave	S Labor & Commerce	Robinson
HB 2617 (SB 6265)	Surplus school property	S Early Learning/K–12	Robinson
HB 2631	Family engagement framework	H Education	Ortiz-Self
HB 2633 (SB 6066)	Ethnic studies materials	H Education	Ortiz-Self
SHB 2637 (SSB 6371)	School library info. & technology	H Appropriations	Pettigrew
SHB 2643	Educator recertification	H 2nd Reading	Callan
HB 2648	Sex ed./parent involvement	H Education	Klippert
HB 2653	Kindergarten assessment bias	H Education	Thai
ESHB 2660	School meals at no cost	S Early Learning/K–12	Riccelli
HB 2663	Skill center staff salaries	H Appropriations	Dufault
HB 2675 (SB 6336)	Parental leave/disability	H State Govt & Tribal	Robinson
HB 2685 (SB 6368)	K–12 employee sick leave	H Education	Frame
HB 2690	Integrated student supports	H Education	Callan
HB 2699 (SB 6480)	School counseling programs	H Education	Stonier
HB 2704	Sexual assault counseling	H 2nd Reading	Caldier
HB 2708	School-based health centers	H Education	Stonier
SHB 2711 (SSB 6511)	Educational outcomes	S Early Learning/K–12	Johnson
HB 2717 (SB 6132)	Learning assistance program	H Education	Ortiz-Self
HB 2719	K–3 class size funding use	H Appropriations	Callan
ESHB 2731	Student head injury reports	S Early Learning/K–12	Irwin
HB 2735	Safety camera infractions	H Public Safety	Springer
2SHB 2737 (SB 6588)	Child. mental health work group	S Behavioral Health	Callan
HB 2739	Shared leave program	H State Govt & Tribal	Kloba
HB 2740	Marijuana/employment	H Labor & Workplace	Kloba
HB 2753 (SB 6344)	School enrichment levies	H Education	Lekanoff
HB 2771	SEBB contributions & eligibility	H Appropriations	McCaslin
HB 2776 (SB 6577)	Child savings account program	H Coll & Wkforce Dev	Kilduff

2SHB 2787 (SSB 6547)	Infants and toddlers' program	H Appropriations	Callan
HB 2788 (SB 6550)	Charter schools/local effort	H Appropriations	Pettigrew
HB 2791 (SB 6573)	Basic ed funding/forestlands	H Appropriations	Tharinger
HB 2810	Regionalization adjustments	H Appropriations	Walsh
EHB 2811 (SB 6124)	Environmental education	S Early Learning/K-12	Johnson
ESHB 2816	School & classroom climates	S Early Learning/K-12	Corry
HB 2823 (SB 6533)	School district levies	H Education	Ramel
SHB 2832	Comm. service org. contracts	H Rules R	Orwall
HB 2841 (SB 6653)	Skill center class sizes	H Appropriations	Paul
HB 2853	Charter school commission	S Early Learning/K-12	Harris
2SHB 2864	Running start summer pilot	S Early Learning/K-12	Paul
SHB 2865	Kindergarten readiness info.	S Early Learning/K-12	Chambers
HB 2874	Federal Way school district	H Appropriations	Johnson
HB 2876	Max. enrichment levy/audits	H Appropriations	Callan
EHB 2896	Surplus land, buildings	S Housing Stability	Ryu
HB 2897 (SB 6615)	School staff funding	H Appropriations	Sullivan
HB 2904	Youth athlete training	H Education	Stonier
HB 2923 (SB 6675)	Railroad grade crossings	H Rules R	Peterson
HB 2928 (SB 6664)	Parents' bill of rights	H Civil R & Judiciary	Klippert
HB 2930	Student restraint, isolation	H Education	Walsh
HB 2937	Instructional staff salaries	H Appropriations	Dolan
HJR 4203 (SSJR 8201)	School district bonds	H Education	Stonier
HJR 4211 (SJR 8218)	Property tax relief	H Finance	Gregerson
SB 5014 (HB 1720)	Student assessment requirements	S Early Learning/K-12	McCoy
ESSB 5024	Local taxing districts	H Local Government	Hasegawa
SB 5052	School resource officers	S Early Learning/K-12	O'Ban
SB 5053	Behavioral health licensure	S Rules X	O'Ban
SB 5055	Behavioral health peer services	S Rules X	O'Ban
SSB 5057 (EHB 1074)	Tobacco & vapor products/age	S Ways & Means	Kuderer
SSB 5066	School district elections	S Rules X	Wellman
ESSB 5067 (2SHB 1076)	Common schools	S Rules X	Zeiger
SB 5068 (SHB 1120)	State learning standards	S Rules X	Wellman
SB 5069 (2SHB 1424)	CTE course equivalencies	S Early Learning/K-12	Zeiger

SB 5070 (SHB 1468)	Bilingual educators	S Early Learning/K–12	Wellman
SB 5071 (SHB 1173)	Obsolete school provisions	S Rules X	Zeiger
SB 5073 (HB 1291)	Election cost reimbursement	S Ways & Means	Hunt
SB 5080	Offender reentry/education	S Human Svcs, Re	McCoy
SB 5086	School surplus technology	S Early Learning/K–12	Wellman
SB 5087	Language competency grants	S Ways & Means	Wellman
SB 5092	School district waivers	S Early Learning/K–12	Fortunato
SB 5105 (SHB 1151)	Education reporting	S Early Learning/K–12	Wellman
SB 5117	Essential public facilities	S Local Government	Palumbo
SB 5129 (HB 1343)	Revenue	S Ways & Means	Rolfes
SSB 5133 (SHB 1101)	State gen. obligation bonds	S Rules X	Frockt
SSB 5134 (SHB 1102)	Capital Budget 2019–21	S Rules X	Frockt
2SSB 5141	School resource officers	S Rules X	Wellman
SSB 5146 (HB 1121)	High school graduation requirements	S Ways & Means	Wellman
SB 5153 (ESHB 1109)	Operating Budget 2019–21	S Ways & Means	Rolfes
SB 5154 (HB 1108)	Supp. Operating Budget 2017–19	S Ways & Means	Rolfes
SB 5158 (SHB 1119)	Educator evaluations	S Early Learning/K–12	Hunt
SB 5159 (HB 1425)	Bilingual instruction program	S Ways & Means	McCoy
SB 5169	Labor bargaining/neutrality	S Labor & Commerce	Hasegawa
SB 5170	Collab. school governance	S Early Learning/K–12	Hasegawa
SB 5178 (HB 1132)	TRS & SERS early retirement	S Ways & Means	Hunt
SB 5187	School compost & recycling	S Rules X	Kuderer
SB 5188 (SHB 1163)	Expanded learning opp. programs	S Early Learning/K–12	Wilson
SB 5192 (HB 1156)	K–12 employee benefit contracts	S Early Learning/K–12	Hunt
SB 5216	Multistage threat assessment	S Early Learning/K–12	O'Ban
2SSB 5236	Apprenticeships	H Coll & Workforce Dev	Keiser
SB 5238	Concussions in youth sports	S Ways & Means	Carlyle
SSB 5247 (HB 1200)	Catastrophic incidents	H Housing, Com Dev &	Frockt
SB 5252	School district bonds, 55 percent	S Early Learning/K–12	Mullet
SB 5262	Special education	S Early Learning/K–12	Zeiger
SB 5263	School bus drivers	S Rules 3	Zeiger
SB 5264	School construction funding	S Ways & Means	Zeiger
SB 5269	School district reorganization	S Early Learning/K–12	Hunt

SB 5312 (HB 1093)	Special education appropriations	S Early Learning/K–12	Wellman
SB 5314 (HB 1172)	Capital gains tax/property tax	S Ways & Means	Wellman
2SSB 5315	Student support staff	S Rules 2	Wellman
SB 5316	School enrichment levies	S Early Learning/K–12	Wellman
2SSB 5317 (2SHB 1216)	School safety & well-being	S Rules X	Wellman
E2SSB 5327 (SHB 1336)	Career connected learning	S Rules X	Wellman
SSB 5343	High school success	S Ways & Means	Mullet
SB 5348	Schools, etc. construction/taxes	S Ways & Means	Ericksen
SSB 5354 (SHB 1641)	Highly capable student programs	S 3rd Reading	Rivers
SB 5367	Military friendly schools	S Rules X	Wagoner
SSB 5379 (HB 1327)	Parenting minors, supports	S Ways & Means	Wilson
ESSB 5395 (HB 1407)	Sexual health education	H Education	Wilson
SSB 5400 (EHB 1390)	PERS/TRS 1 benefit increase	S Passed 3rd	Conway
SSB 5413	Pipeline for paraeducators	S Ways & Means	Keiser
SB 5414 (HB 1409)	School employee leave cap	S Early Learning/K–12	Hunt
SB 5427 (HB 1164)	Dual credit programs	S Early Learning/K–12	Wellman
SB 5430 (HB 1388)	Postretirement options	S Ways & Means	Conway
SB 5442 (SHB 1095)	Medical marijuana/students	S Early Learning/K–12	Takko
SB 5448 (E2SHB 1304)	CTE/alt. learning exp. programs	S Early Learning/K–12	Wellman
SSB 5464	Opioid overdose med./schools	S Ways & Means	Frocket
SSB 5465	Public education funding	S Ways & Means	Wellman
SB 5466	School district levies	S Early Learning/K–12	Wellman
SB 5475	Migrant ed./credit retrieval	S Early Learning/K–12	Keiser
2SSB 5484 (E2SHB 1391)	Early achievers' program	S Rules X	Wilson
SB 5500 (HB 1481)	Election costs & postage	S State Govt/Tribal	Hunt
SB 5512 (SHB 1621)	Teacher prep. skills assessment	S Rules X	McCoy
SB 5513 (SHB 1515)	Employer-employee status	S Labor & Commerce	Keiser
SSB 5532	Special education	S Early Learning/K–12	Braun
SB 5541	Revenue reform task force	S Ways & Means	Hasegawa
SSB 5548	High school diploma pathways	S Rules X	Wellman
SB 5554 (2SHB 1191)	School notifications	S Early Learning/K–12	Wilson
2SSB 5572	School modernization grants	H Cap Budget	Honeyford
SSB 5574 (SHB 1577)	K–12 computer science ed. data	S Rules X	Salomon

SB 5576 (HB 1496)	Climate science education	S Ways & Means	Wilson
SSB 5590	School depreciation subfunds	S 2nd Reading	Schoesler
SSB 5593	Running start fee waivers	S Rules X	Lias
SB 5594	Media literacy & digital citizenship	S Ways & Means	Lias
SB 5598	Student internet data privacy	S Early Learning/K–12	Rolfes
SSB 5603	Military children/school registration	S Rules X	Randall
SB 5606 (ESHB 1130)	Public school language access	S Early Learning/K–12	Wellman
2SSB 5607 (HB 1322)	Dual language learning	S Passed 3rd	Wellman
SSB 5623 (SHB 1575)	Collective bargaining/dues	S Rules X	Van De Wege
SB 5631	State & local taxation	S State Govt/Tribal	Brown
SB 5650 (HB 2006)	Teaching cursive in schools	S Early Learning/K–12	Warnick
SB 5667 (ESHB 1667)	Public records request admin	S State Govt/Tribal	Becker
SB 5669 (SHB 1715)	Withholding of transcripts	S Early Learning/K–12	Lias
SB 5685	Schools/student distress	S Early Learning/K–12	Bailey
SB 5686	Retired school employees' health	S Health & Long-Term Care	Bailey
SSB 5706 (SHB 1734)	College in high school accreditation	S Rules X	Randall
SB 5729	Dual credit enrollment priority	S Rules X	Rivers
SB 5731	School district territory	S Rules 3	Short
SB 5736	Special ed. funding allocation	S Ways & Means	Wellman
SB 5757	Early learning basic ed. program	S Early Learning/K–12	Hasegawa
SB 5758	Private school/property tax	S Ways & Means	Fortunato
SB 5770	School buses/failure to stop	S Transportation	Palumbo
SB 5771 (SHB 1210)	School enrollment/military	S Early Learning/K–12	O'Ban
SB 5773 (HB 1627)	Regionalization/Federal Way	S Early Learning/K–12	Wilson
SB 5777 (SHB 1479)	Student mental health	S Early Learning/K–12	Brown
SB 5787	City, district public records	S Rules 3	Walsh
SSB 5801	Teacher postretirement employment	S Rules X	Wellman
SB 5803	Career & tech. education resources	S Early Learning/K–12	Rivers
SB 5804 (HB 1863)	Ag., food, nat. resource education	S Early Learning/K–12	Warnick
2SSB 5820 (SHB 1574)	Vulnerable children/care	S Early Learning/K–12	Nguyen
SB 5821 (HB 2012)	K–12 national cert. bonuses	S Early Learning/K–12	Das
ESB 5834 (HB 1779)	Student immigration status	H Education	Hunt
ESSB 5853	School construction	S Ways & Means	Pedersen

SSB 5859 (HB 1281)	Educational mentor programs	S Ways & Means	Mullet
SB 5882	Homeless encampments/schools	S Housing Stability	King
ESSB 5908 (HB 1914)	Equity training/schools	H Education	Das
SB 5930 (HB 2062)	Seattle Storm license plates	S Rules X	Randall
SB 5933	Teacher base comp. hours	S Early Learning/K–12	Mullet
SB 5934	K–12 school construction	S Labor & Commerce	Ericksen
SB 5945 (HB 1895)	Youth gang reduction pilot	S Human Svcs, Re	Warnick
SSB 5963	State budget outlook	S Ways & Means	Rolfes
SB 5973 (2SHB 2117)	State tax structure	S Ways & Means	Wellman
SB 5977	Firearms/school employees	S Law & Justice	Fortunato
SB 5990	Safety net assessment	S Ways & Means	Rolfes
SB 5991	Grad. real estate excise tax	S Ways & Means	Rolfes
SB 5994	Business and occupation tax	S Ways & Means	Palumbo
SSB 5996	Fires/prevent, suppress	S Rules	Van De Wege
SB 5999	Unfunded actuarial liability	S Rules	Braun
SB 6000	General obligation bonds T.O.	S Ways & Means	Frocket
SB 6001	Capital Budget T.O.	S Ways & Means	Frocket
SB 6002	Capital Budget T.O.	S Ways & Means	Frocket
SB 6005	Revenue T.O.	S Ways & Means	Rolfes
SB 6006	Education T.O.	S Ways & Means	Rolfes
SB 6011	School employee health care	S Ways & Means	Mullet
SB 6013	Fiscal matters T.O.	S Ways & Means	Rolfes
SB 6014	Education T.O.	S Ways & Means	Rolfes
SB 6020	School employee health care	S Ways & Means	Mullet
SB 6021	K–12 education funding	S Early Learning/K–12	Braun
SB 6030 (HB 2226)	Immigration enforcement	S Law & Justice	Fortunato
SB 6041	Motor vehicle sales tax	S Ways & Means	Braun
SB 6042	Title-only bills	S State Govt/Tribal	Wilson
SB 6047	IEP noncompliance reporting	H Education	Hasegawa
SB 6066 (HB 2633)	Ethnic studies materials	H Education	Hasegawa
SB 6067	Educator cert. assessments	S Early Learning/K–12	Hasegawa
SSB 6073	Menstrual products/schools	S 2nd Reading	Dhingra
SB 6099	EASOC repeal	H Education	Hunt

SB 6100 (HB 2259)	Background checks/education	H Education	Wellman
SB 6101 (HB 2290)	Dyslexia early screening	H Education	Wellman
SB 6102	School bus stop signals	H Transportation	Wellman
SB 6103	Educational reporting	H Education	Wellman
SSB 6105 (HB 2269)	State education agencies	H Education	Hunt
2SSB 6117 (HB 2258)	Special education appropriations	S Passed 3rd	Wellman
SB 6124 (EHB 2811)	Environmental education	S Early Learning/K–12	Hunt
SB 6132 (HB 2717)	Learning assistance program	H Education	Wellman
SSB 6134	Election cost reimbursement	S 2nd Reading	Hunt
SB 6138	Beginning educator support	H Education	Hasegawa
ESSB 6141 (SHB 2523)	Higher education access	S Passed 3rd	Randall
SB 6145 (HB 2222)	Property tax reduction	S Ways & Means	Warnick
SSB 6157 (HB 2349)	Bleeding control kits/school	S Rules 2	Dhingra
SB 6165	PERS/TRS 1 benefit increase	S Ways & Means	Rolfes
SB 6167 (HB 2522)	Homelessness BSA appropriations	S Ways & Means	Rolfes
SB 6168 (HB 2325)	Operating budget, supplement	S Ways & Means	Rolfes
SB 6175	Sexual health education	S Early Learning/K–12	Wilson
SB 6176	Pupil transportation contracts	S Early Learning/K–12	Wilson
ESSB 6189	SEBB coverage eligibility	S Passed 3rd	Wellman
SSB 6191	Adverse childhood experience	H Education	Braun
SB 6226	Granite Falls SD factors	S Early Learning/K–12	Wagoner
SSB 6234	Unemployment claim disputes	S Ways & Means	Kuderer
SSB 6242	School director compensation	S Rules 2	Carlyle
SB 6248 (HB 2324)	Capital Budget, supplemental	S Ways & Means	Froct
SSB 6253	Early care and ed. system	S Ways & Means	Wilson
2SSB 6255 (ESHB 2455)	High school/childcare	S Rules 2	Wilson
SSB 6262	Teaching tribal history, etc.	H Education	McCoy
SB 6263	Data sharing/schools, tribes	H Education	McCoy
SSB 6264	School consultation/tribes	S Rules 2	McCoy
SB 6265 (HB 2617)	Surplus school property	H Education	McCoy
SB 6279	School-based health centers	S Health & Long-Term Care	Randall
ESSB 6282	Highly capable learning plan	H Education	Pedersen
SB 6284	Shared leave/balances	S 2nd Reading	Hunt

SB 6290	School benefit eligibility	S Ways & Means	Short
SB 6296	School employee health care	S Ways & Means	Padden
SSB 6297	Early learning provider experience	H Hum Svcs & Erly Learning	Padden
ESB 6313 (HB 2558)	Young voters	H State Govt & Tribal	Lias
SB 6336 (HB 2675)	Parental leave/disability	S 2nd Reading	Hunt
SB 6337	Early retirement/TRS & SERS	S Ways & Means	Hunt
SSB 6339 (HB 2509)	Computer science grants	S Ways & Means	Hunt
SB 6344 (HB 2753)	School enrichment levies	S Early Learning/K–12	Lovelett
SSB 6349 (SHB 2614)	Paid family & medical leave	S Rules 2	Keiser
SB 6353	Supreme court fiscal notes	S Ways & Means	Holy
SB 6368 (HB 2685)	K–12 employee sick leave	S Early Learning/K–12	Nguyen
SSB 6371 (SHB 2637)	School library info. & technology	S Ways & Means	Hunt
SB 6374	Apprenticeship materials	H Coll & Workforce Dev	Holy
SB 6376	Debt capacity forecasting	S Ways & Means	Froct
SB 6381	Property tax reduction	S Ways & Means	Ericksen
SB 6389	School safety drills, plans	S Early Learning/K–12	Fortunato
SB 6416 (HB 2562)	Telehealth services/schools	S Ways & Means	Cleveland
SB 6449 (SHB 2589)	Suicide prevention/ID cards	S Rules 2	Wellman
SB 6477	School district levies	S Early Learning/K–12	Lovelett
SB 6479 (HB 2458)	Optional benefits/schools	S Rules 2	Wellman
SB 6480 (HB 2699)	School counseling programs	H Education	Mullet
SSB 6487	Leg. youth advisory council	S 2nd Reading	Lias
SB 6503 (HB 2529)	Odd-numbered year elections	S State Govt/Tribal	Nguyen
SSB 6505	Dual credit direct costs	S 2nd Reading	Mullet
SB 6510	Local assistance/small schools	S Early Learning/K–12	Cleveland
SSB 6511 (SHB 2711)	Educational outcomes	S Rules 2	Carlyle
SSB 6512	School employee housing	S Ways & Means	Rolfes
E2SSB 6518	Pesticide, chlorpyrifos	H RDev, Ag&NR	Rolfes
SB 6520	Scholarships/tax credit	S Early Learning/K–12	Schoesler
SSB 6521	Innovative learning pilot	H Education	Wellman
SB 6533 (HB 2823)	School district levies	S Early Learning/K–12	Lovelett
SB 6543	PRA/subsequent discovery	S State Govt/Tribal	Short
SSB 6547 (2SHB 2787)	Infants and toddlers' program	S Ways & Means	Wellman

SB 6550 (HB 2788)	Charter schools/local effort	S Early Learning/K–12	Mullet
SB 6563	School-based health centers	S Rules 2	Conway
SB 6573 (HB 2791)	Basic ed funding/forestlands	S Early Learning/K–12	Van De Wege
SB 6588 (2SHB 2737)	Child. mental health work group	S Behavioral Health	Darneille
SB 6596	SCAP grants/small, rural	S Early Learning/K–12	Honeyford
SB 6607 (ESHB 2551)	Tribal regalia/graduation	S Rules 2	Billig
SB 6608	Parental school choice	S Early Learning/K–12	Ericksen
SB 6615 (HB 2897)	School staff funding	S Early Learning/K–12	Wellman
SB 6653 (HB 2841)	Skill center class sizes	S Early Learning/K–12	Hunt
SB 6655	School employee backgrounds	S Early Learning/K–12	Fortunato
SSB 6660	Four-year balanced budget	H Appropriations	Rolfes
SB 6662	PERS, TRS, SERS/earlier ages	S Ways & Means	Saldaña
SB 6664 (HB 2928)	Parents' bill of rights	S Law & Justice	Fortunato
SB 6666	Employee information disclosure	S State Govt/Tribal	Hunt
SB 6672	School meals	S Early Learning/K–12	Walsh
SB 6675 (HB 2923)	Railroad grade crossings	S Transportation	Stanford
SB 6679	Chinese American history	S State Govt/Tribal	Zeiger
SSJR 8201 (HJR 4203)	School district bonds	S Not adopted	Wellman
SJR 8202	School district bonds, 55 percent	S Early Learning/K–12	Mullet
SJR 8210	B&O tax increase approval	S Ways & Means	Palumbo
SJR 8214	Title-only bills	S State Govt/Tribal	Wilson
SCR 8412	Legislative modernization	S State Govt/Tri	Das
SGA 9198	TARA S. FAIRFIELD	S Term expired	